

## Using PDF boxes with *groff* and the *ms* macros

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An extension in version 1.23.0 of *gropdf*, the PDF output driver for the *groff* document formatting system, allows coloured rectangles to be placed beneath any output created by *groff*. The extension can be accessed via a device extension escape sequence **\X'pdf: background ...'** or a convenience macro **pdfbackground** supporting the same parameters.

**\X'pdf: background *cmd left top right bottom weight***  
**.pdfbackground *cmd left top right bottom weight***

Produce a background rectangle on the page.

*cmd* is the command, which can be any of “page|fill|box” in combination. Thus, “pagefill” would draw a rectangle that covers the whole current page size (in which case the rest of the parameters can be omitted because the box dimensions are taken from the current media size). “boxfill”, on the other hand, requires the given dimensions to place the box. Including “fill” in the command will paint the rectangle with the current fill colour (as with **\m[ ]**) and including “box” will give the rectangle a border in the current stroke colour (as with **\m[ ]**).

*cmd* may also be “off” on its own, which will terminate drawing the current box. If you have specified a page colour with “pagefill”, it is always the first box in the stack, and if you specify it again, it will replace the first entry. Be aware that the “pagefill” box renders the page opaque, so tools that “watermark” PDF pages are unlikely to be successful. To return the background to transparent, issue an “off” command with no other boxes open.

Finally, *cmd* may be “footnote” followed by a new value for *bottom*, which will be used for all open boxes on the current page. This is to allow room for footnote areas that grow while a page is processed (to accommodate multiple footnotes, for instance).<sup>1</sup>

*left*  
*top*  
*right*

*bottom* are the coordinates of the box. The *top* and *bottom* coordinates are the minimum and maximum for the box, since the actual start of the box is *groff*'s drawing position when you issue the command, and the bottom of the box is the point where you turn the box “off”. The top and bottom coordinates are used only if the box drawing extends onto the next page; ordinarily, they would be set to the header and footer margins.

*weight* provides the line width for the border if “box” is included in the command.

For an even more convenient interface, include **-msboxes** on the *groff* command line; the *sboxes* package defines the macros **BOXSTART** and **BOXSTOP**.

<sup>1</sup> If the value is negative, it is used as an offset from the bottom of the page.

**.BOXSTART SHADED** *colour* **OUTLINED** *colour* **INDENT** *size* **WEIGHT** *size*

begins a box, where the argument after **SHADED** gives the fill colour and that after **OUTLINED** the border colour. Omit the former to get a borderless filled box and the latter for a border with no fill. The specified **WEIGHT** is used if the box is **OUTLINED**.

**INDENT** precedes a value that leaves a gap between the border and the contents inside the box.

Each *colour* must be a defined *groff* colour name, and each *size* a valid *groff* numeric expression. The keyword/value pairs can be specified in any order.

Boxes can be stacked, so you can start a box within another box; usually the later boxes would be smaller than the containing box, but this is not enforced. When using **BOXSTART**, the left position is the current indent minus the **INDENT** in the command, and the right position is the left position (calculated above) plus the current line length and twice the indent. The synopsis of **BOXSTART** above itself uses a **BOXSTART** call without borders and with a **2p** (two point) indent.

**.BOXSTOP**

takes no parameters. It closes the most recently started box at the current vertical position after adding its **INDENT** spacing.

Your *groff* documents can conditionally exercise the *sboxes* macros. The register **GSBOX** is defined if the package is loaded, and interpolates a true value if the **pdf** output device is in use.

*sboxes* furthermore hooks into the *groff ms* package to receive notifications when footnotes are growing, so that it can close boxes on a page before footnotes are printed. When that condition obtains, *sboxes* will close open boxes two points<sup>2</sup> above the footnote separator and re-open them on the next page.

This document was produced using the following code.

```
.\" groff -ms -msboxes -Tpdf
.
.\" Copyright 2021 Free Software Foundation, Inc.
.\"          2021 G. Branden Robinson
.\"
.\" Written by Deri James <deri@chuzzlewit.myzen.co.uk>
.\"
.\" This file is part of sboxes.
.\"
.\" sboxes is distributed with groff, the GNU roff typesetting system.
.\"
.\" groff is free software; you can redistribute it and/or modify it
.\" under the terms of the GNU General Public License as published by
.\" the Free Software Foundation, either version 3 of the License, or
.\" (at your option) any later version.
.\"
.\" groff is distributed in the hope that it will be useful, but WITHOUT
.\" ANY WARRANTY; without even the implied warranty of MERCHANTABILITY
```

<sup>2</sup> This amount probably will not match the box's **INDENT**.

```

.\" or FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE. See the GNU General Public
.\" License for more details.
.\"
.\" You should have received a copy of the GNU General Public License
.\" along with this program. If not, see
.\" <http://www.gnu.org/licenses/>.
.
.nr LL 17c
.nr PO 2c
.nr PS 11
.nr VS 13
.nr PI 3.5n
.nr HM 2c
.nr FM 2c
.nr QI 7n
.ss 12 0
.ND March 2021
.EH '%' 'March 2021'
.EF ''''
.OH 'Using PDF boxes with \f[I]groff\f[] and the \f[I]ms\f[] macros' '%'
.OF ''''
.\" Define a quotation macro.
.de Qq
. nop \[lq]\[\$1\[rq]\[\$2
..
.\" Define a macro for code literals; use bold and disable hyphenation.
.de Lt
. ft B
. nh
. nop \&\[\$1\c
. hy \[n[HY]
. ft
. nop \&\[\$2
..
.ds FAM H
.TL
Using PDF boxes with
.BI groff
and the
.BI ms
macros
.AU
Deri James
.AI
deri@chuzzlewit.myzen.co.uk
.LP
An extension in version 1.23.0 of
.I gropdf ,
the PDF output driver for the
.I groff
document formatting system,
allows coloured rectangles to be placed beneath any output created by
.I groff .

```

The extension can be accessed via a device extension escape sequence

```
.Lt "\[rs]X\[aq]pdf: background" \~.\|.\|.\|\c
```

```
.Lt \[aq]
```

or a convenience macro

```
.Lt pdfbackground
```

supporting the same parameters.

```
.QS
```

```
.BOXSTART SHADED cornsilk OUTLINED brown INDENT 2n WEIGHT 1p
```

```
\M[floralwhite]\c
```

```
.pdfbackground pagefill
```

```
\M[]\c
```

```
.B
```

```
\[rs]X\[aq]pdf: background
```

```
.BI
```

```
cmd left top right bottom weight\[aq]
```

```
.br
```

```
.Lt .pdfbackground
```

```
.BI
```

```
cmd left top right bottom weight
```

```
.LP
```

Produce a background rectangle on the page.

```
.IP \f[I]cmd 8n \" indent enough to fit "bottom" tag
```

is the command, which can be any of

```
.Qq page|fill|box
```

in combination.

Thus,

```
.Qq pagefill
```

would draw a rectangle that covers the whole current page size (in which case the rest of the parameters can be omitted because the box dimensions are taken from the current media size).

```
.Qq boxfill ,
```

on the other hand, requires the given dimensions to place the box.

Including

```
.Qq fill
```

in the command will paint the rectangle with the current fill colour (as with

```
.Lt \[rs]M[\|] )
```

and including

```
.Qq box
```

will give the rectangle a border in the current stroke colour

(as with

```
.Lt \[rs]m[\|] ).
```

```
.sp \n[PD]u
```

```
.I cmd
```

may also be

```
.Qq off
```

on its own, which will terminate drawing the current box.

If you have specified a page colour with

```
.Qq pagefill ,
```

it is always the first box in the stack, and if you specify it again, it will replace the first entry.

Be aware that the

```
.Qq pagefill
```

box renders the page opaque, so tools that  
 .Qq watermark  
 PDF pages are unlikely to be successful.  
 To return the background to transparent, issue an  
 .Qq off  
 command with no other boxes open.  
 .sp \n[PD]u  
 Finally,  
 .I cmd  
 may be  
 .Qq footnote  
 followed by a new value for  
 .I bottom ,  
 which will be used for all open boxes on the current page.  
 This is to allow room for footnote areas that grow while a page is  
 processed (to accommodate multiple footnotes,  
 for instance).\m[red]\*\*\m[]<sup>3</sup>  
 .FS  
 If the value is negative, it is used as an offset from the bottom of the  
 page.  
 .FE  
 .nr oldPD \n[PD]  
 .nr PD 0  
 .IP \f[I]left  
 .IP \f[I]top  
 .IP \f[I]right  
 .IP \f[I]bottom  
 .nr PD \n[oldPD]  
 are the coordinates of the box.  
 The  
 .I top  
 and  
 .I bottom  
 coordinates are the minimum and maximum for the box, since the actual  
 start of the box is  
 .I groff 's  
 drawing position when you issue the command, and the bottom of the box  
 is the point where you turn the box  
 .Qq off .  
 The top and bottom coordinates are used only if the box drawing extends  
 onto the next page; ordinarily, they would be set to the header and  
 footer margins.  
 .IP \f[I]weight  
 provides the line width for the border if  
 .Qq box  
 is included in the command.  
 .BOXSTOP  
 .QE  
 For an even more convenient interface, include  
 .Lt \-msboxes  
 on the

<sup>3</sup> This is a long footnote occupying multiple output lines. Its only purpose is to verify that the bottom of the box on this page has been adjusted upward to accommodate it.

```

.I groff
command line; the
.I sboxes
package defines the macros
.Lt BOXSTART
and
.Lt BOXSTOP .
.QS
.BOXSTART SHADED cornsilk OUTLINED brown INDENT 2n WEIGHT 1p
.BOXSTART SHADED cornsilk3 INDENT 2p
.Lt .BOXSTART
.Lt SHADED
.I colour
.Lt OUTLINED
.I colour
.Lt INDENT
.I size
.Lt WEIGHT
.I size
.BOXSTOP
.LP
begins a box,
where the argument after
.Lt SHADED
gives the fill colour and that after
.Lt OUTLINED
the border colour.
Omit the former to get a borderless filled box and the latter for a
border with no fill.
The specified
.Lt WEIGHT
is used if the box is
.Lt OUTLINED .
.LP
.Lt INDENT
precedes a value that leaves a gap between the border and the contents
inside the box.
.LP
Each
.I colour
must be a defined
.I groff
colour name,
and each
.I size
a valid
.I groff
numeric expression.
The keyword/value pairs can be specified in any order.
.BOXSTOP
.QE
Boxes can be stacked, so you can start a box within another box; usually
the later boxes would be smaller than the containing box, but this is

```

not enforced.

When using

```
.Lt BOXSTART ,
```

the left position is the current indent minus the

```
.Lt INDENT
```

in the command,

and the right position is the left position (calculated above) plus the current line length and twice the indent.

The synopsis of

```
.Lt BOXSTART
```

above itself uses a

```
.Lt BOXSTART
```

call without borders and with a

```
.Lt 2p
```

(two point) indent.

```
.QS
.BOXSTART SHADED cornsilk OUTLINED brown INDENT 2n WEIGHT 1p
.BOXSTART SHADED cornsilk3 INDENT 2p
.Lt .BOXSTOP
.BOXSTOP
.LP
```

takes no parameters.

It closes the most recently started box at the current vertical position after adding its

```
.Lt INDENT
```

spacing.

```
.BOXSTOP
.QE
```

Your

```
.I groff
```

documents can conditionally exercise the

```
.I sboxes
```

macros.

The register

```
.Lt GSBOX
```

is defined if the package is loaded, and interpolates a true value if the

```
.Lt pdf
```

output device is in use.

```
.LP
.I sboxes
```

furthermore hooks into the

```
.I "groff ms"
```

package to receive notifications when footnotes are growing, so that it can close boxes on a page before footnotes are printed.

When that condition obtains,

```
.I sboxes
```

will close open boxes two points\\*\*

```
.FS
```

This amount probably will not match the box's

```
.Lt INDENT .
```

```
.FE
```

above the footnote separator and re-open them on the next page.

```
.LP
This document was produced using the following code.
.ds FAM C
.nr PS 11
.nr VS 13
.LP
.BOXSTART SHADED white OUTLINED brown INDENT 2n WEIGHT 1p
.nf
\# (replaced by source of this document)
.BOXSTOP
.\" Local Variables:
.\" mode: nroff
.\" fill-column: 72
.\" End:
.\" vim: set filetype=groff textwidth=72:
```