NAME

cluster – find clusters in a graph and augment the graph with this information.

SYNOPSIS

cluster [**–v?**] [**–C***k*] [**–c***k*] [**–o** *outfile*] [*files*]

DESCRIPTION

cluster takes as input a graph in DOT format, finds node clusters and augments the graph with this information. The clusters are specified by the "cluster" attribute attached to nodes; cluster values are non-negative integers. **cluster** attempts to maximize the modularity of the clustering. If the edge attribute "weight" is defined, this will be used in computing the clustering.

OPTIONS

The following options are supported:

–C*k* specifies a targeted number of clusters that should be generated. The specified number *k* is only a suggestion and may not be realisable. If *k == 0*, the default, the number of clusters that approximately optimizes the modularity is returned.

–c*k* specifies clustering method. If *k == 0*, the default, modularity clustering will be used. If *k == 1* modularity quality will be used.

–o*outfile*
Specifies that output should go into the file *outfile*. By default, *stdout* is used.

–v Verbose mode.

–? Prints the usage and exits.

EXAMPLES

Applying **cluster** to the following graph,

```
graph {
  1--2 [weight=10.]
  2--3 [weight=1]
  3--4 [weight=10.]
  4--5 [weight=10]
  5--6 [weight=10]
  3--6 [weight=0.1]
  4--6 [weight=10.]
 }
```

gives

```
graph {
    node [cluster="-1"];
    1 [cluster=1];
    2 [cluster=1];
    3 [cluster=2];
    4 [cluster=2];
    5 [cluster=2];
    6 [cluster=2];
    1 -- 2 [weight="10."];
    2 -- 3 [weight=1];
    3 -- 4 [weight="10."];
    4 -- 5 [weight=10];
    5 -- 6 [weight=10];
    3 -- 6 [weight="0.1"];
    4 -- 6 [weight="10."];
}
```

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SEE ALSO

gvmap(1)

Blondel, V.D., Guillaume, J.L., Lambiotte, R., Lefebvre, E.: Fast unfolding of communities in large networks. Journal of Statistical Mechanics: Theory and Experiment (2008), P10008.